**HED ENDRINGER GUIDELINES AMSTERDAM**

**Multiple other KP-HED** (3 or more KP-HED anomalies, to be specified in the comment field) – borte I begge listene/nedtrykksmenyene

**Multiple other KP-HEDs · Paper certificate**: If there are more than two KP-HEDs that need to be written at “7. Other” and/or “18. Other” the term “multiple other KP-HEDs” is written and the relevant KP-HEDs must be specified in the comment field using the definition names listed at pages 5-6 (also in Chapter 5). · Online form: at “7. Other” and/or “18. Other” all relevant diseases are to be used from the drop-down menus and are ticked “affected”. The selected diseases are displayed in the comment field.

* Konklusjon ved flere diagnoser under 7 og /eller 18 – er at alle skal legges inn(Det er nå mulig)

**Gonioskopilisten:**

American Cocker Spaniel

Bouvier des Flandres

Bassets (all)

Bloodhound

Border Collie

Chow Chow

Dandie Dinmont Terrier

Dutch Shepherd (Rough Hair)

English Springer Spaniel

Entlebucher Mountain Dog

***Finnish Lapponian Dog***

Flat Coated Retriever

***French Bulldog***

***German Longhaired Pointers***

Golden Retriever

Siberian Husky

Leonberger

Magyar Viszla

***Mini Australian Shepherds***

***Old English Sheepdog***

Samoyed

***Spanish Waterdog***

Tatra

**Undersøkelse før dilatasjon: anbefalt alle men**

**3. Lens luxation (PLL)/KCS/vitreous degeneration/ocular melanosis**

Chinese Crested dog (PLL, vitreous degeneration, KCS)

Cavalier King Charles Spaniel, American Cocker Spaniel, English Cocker Spaniel (KCS)

English Bulldog (KCS)

Lancashire Heeler (PLL)

Longhaired Dachshund (KCS)

Lhasa Apso (KCS)

Miniature Schnauzer (KCS)

Pug (KCS)

Pekingese (KCS)

***Samoyed (KCS)***

Shih Tzu (KCS)

Cairn Terrier also (ocular melanosis)

Terrier breeds (PLL)

West Highland White Terrier (KCS)

Other breeds listed in Chapter 10 for PLL

S.13 guidelines

**Keratoconjunctivitis sicca (KCS)** The STT should be done to measure tear production in case of doubt or with clinical signs of KCS, especially in breeds known to be affected. If the STT is below 10 mm and there are clinical signs of KCS in specific breeds

**(WHWT, Chinese Crested Dog, LH Dachshund, Cavalier King Charles Spaniel, American and English Cocker Spaniel, English Bulldog, Pug, Shi Tzu, Lhasa Apso, Pekingese, Miniature Schnauzer, Samoyed):** at “18. Other”: “Keratoconjunctivitis sicca” is written (online: is used), and the box “affected” is ticked or in case of doubt if the abnormality is KP-HED (in the non-specific breeds), the box “suspicious“ is ticked. The STT values are indicated in the online form (or written in the descriptive comments field). Clinical re-examination is recommended according to clinical symptoms. Note: The time until the reexamination for the next ECVO certificate is indicated in the comment field (drop-down menu) as follows: "Re-examination after 12 months or if earlier, then by the chief panelist/panel"

Konklusjon: Kan ikke dømme de for arvelig KCS hvis de ikke står i lista.

**Other under punkt 15:**

* Punktet ligger under 15 men på attesten bare over streken og fri på punkt 15 under streken.